



Building Integration of Solar Thermal Systems - TU1205 - BISTS

Training School of COST Action TU1205 Presentation of the Action

Soteris A. Kalogirou

Cyprus University of Technology
Action Chair







European Cooperation in the field of Scientific and Technical Research

Building Integration of Solar Thermal Systems – TU1205 – BISTS

Introduction

- Second Training School of Action TU1205
- Warm welcome to all students and lecturers
- Many thanks to Dr. Daniel Chemisana and CIMNE for hosting this Training School.
- I hope the school will be beneficial to all....
- Start with the introduction of the Action.







Building Integration of Solar Thermal Systems – TU1205 – BISTS

Objectives of Action

- Main objective: The creation of a platform from which a working environment is developed that generates methods to study the integration of STS in buildings.
- Development of new novel STS solutions suitable for building integration across three generic European regions.
- Definition of a set of key parameters for the BISTS characterization, taking into consideration the thermal performance, building functionality and aesthetic aspects.







European Cooperation in the field of Scientific and Technical Research

Building Integration of Solar Thermal Systems – TU1205 – BISTS

Objectives – cont.

- Development of standardised range of methodologies for evaluating BISTS.
- Modelling and simulation of STS (optical and thermal) for different building integration scenarios and for the developed solutions.
- Application of developed STS solutions for building integration including fabrication, characterisation and demonstration of prototypes to the extent that own research funding allows.
- Dissemination of Action activities (symposium, conference, website and various publications).









Building Integration of Solar Thermal Systems - TU1205 - BISTS

Motivation

- Main Motivation: The collective concentration of resources and the targeted focusing of scientists who are involved in the design, development and evaluation of solar thermal systems.
- The Action will foster and accelerate long-term (technological) advancement in STS mainly through critical review, experimentation, simulation and demonstration of viable systems for full incorporation and integration into the traditional building envelope.
- → The most important benefit of this Action is the increased adoption of RES/STS in buildings.







European Cooperation in the field of Scientific and Technical Research

Building Integration of Solar Thermal Systems - TU1205 - BISTS

Types of systems to consider

- The Action will cover many forms of solar collecting methodologies with a particular focus on:
 - thermosiphonic units,
 - integrated collector storage units,
 - forced circulation systems,
 - evacuated tube collector systems and
 - various low concentration compound parabolic & Fresnel units.









COST is supported by the EU Framework Programme Horizon 2020 EUROPEAN COOPERATION





Building Integration of Solar Thermal Systems – TU1205 – BISTS

What we mean by Building Integration

- A solar thermal system is considered to be building integrated, if for a building component this is a prerequisite for the integrity of the building's functionality.
- If the building integrated STS is dismounted, dismounting includes or affects the adjacent building component which will have to be replaced partly or totally by a conventional/appropriate building component.
- This applies mostly to the case of structurally bonded modules but applies as well to other cases, like in the case of replacing with BISTS one of the walls in a double wall façade.







European Cooperation in the field of Scientific and Technical Research

Building Integration of Solar Thermal Systems - TU1205 - BISTS

Benefits of integration

- Building envelope metal, glass or ceramic used in current BISTS roofing designs can last for more than 50 years.
- Thermal and optical performances different systems can deliver different levels of thermal energy to match the varying needs of building occupants.
- Costs Significant savings occur by replacing two separate systems (e.g. wall and collector) with one system that performs both functions.
- Aesthetics mimic the existing appearance of traditional roofing systems and apply colour collectors on façades.







Building Integration of Solar Thermal Systems - TU1205 - BISTS

- Therefore BISTS must provide a combination of the following:
- 1. Mechanical rigidity and structural integrity.
- 2. Weather impact protection from rain, snow, wind and hail.
- 3. Energy economy, such as useful thermal energy, but also shading and thermal insulation.
- 4. Life expectancy from the various materials involved (at least equal to the life of the building)
- 5. Fire protection, Noise protection.
- 6. Environmental benefit/influence (LCA, embodied energy, emissions).
- → Generally a multidisciplinary area involving engineers (mechanical, materials), physicists, architects, etc.







European Cooperation in the field of Scientific and Technical Research

Building Integration of Solar Thermal Systems – TU1205 – BISTS

Scientific Program

- This COST Action focuses on the coordination of current research undertaken through national programmes in three scientific areas:
- Development of new innovative methods for building integration of STS;
- (2) Modelling and simulation of new BISTS and their behaviour as a renewable energy system (RES);
- (3) Investigation of new applications for innovative integration of STS in various application areas like domestic, commercial and industrial buildings.
- Three Working Groups (WG) is set up to co-ordinate the research within each theme and a fourth one is dedicated to dissemination activities.









Building Integration of Solar Thermal Systems - TU1205 - BISTS

Working Groups

- Working Group 1: Development and characterisation of new BISTS
 - WG1 leader: Werner Platzer/Aleksandra Krstic
- Working Group 2: Modelling and Simulation of BISTS
 - WG2 leader: Daniel Chemisana/Alberto Coronas
- Working Group 3: Investigation of new applications for innovative BISTS
 - WG3 leader: Aggelos Zacharopoulos/Jayanta Deb Mondol
- Working Group 4: Dissemination
 - WG4 leader: Brian Norton/David Kennedy







European Cooperation in the field of Scientific and Technical Research

Building Integration of Solar Thermal Systems – TU1205 – BISTS

Status of the Action

- Status of Action, including participating countries:
 - 22 COST countries participating (next slide)
 - 34 MC members
- Non-COST countries:
 - Two non-COST countries participating
 - USA (James Russell-Appalachian State University) and
 - Canada (Andreas Athienites-Concordia University).







Building Integration of Solar Thermal Systems - TU1205 - BISTS

What is next....

- Introduction by Dr. Daniel Chemisana
- Following presentations: Various subjects starting from the basics and extending into BISTS
 - Systems (case studies)
 - Models
 - Applications
- Saturday afternoon group work.
 - Solar planning considerations for BISTS (more...)







European Cooperation in the field of Scientific and Technical Research

Building Integration of Solar Thermal Systems – TU1205 – BISTS

More for Saturday....

- Download : www.sketchup.com/download
- Remember to brink a laptop on Saturday
- Need a feedback how many of you are architecture students.....







Building Integration of Solar Thermal Systems - TU1205 - BISTS

Practical issues

- Please sign the attendance list (proof of presence)
- Reimbursement once we return back
- COST profile add account details (otherwise we cannot pay you).







European Cooperation in the field of Scientific and Technical Research

Building Integration of Solar Thermal Systems – TU1205 – BISTS

Introductions

- COST is about Networking, so we will start by introducing the students.
- Say:
 - Name
 - Institution
 - Research Interests



