

Example name: Panotron

Template completed by:
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For installations

BISTS Location: *Comercial product*

Climate Type: *n.n.*

Building Use: *n.n.*

Level of BISTS integration

Rush, Reijenga: 3

OX New Build
OX Refurbishment
O Other:



Type of BISTS:

Active/Passive/Hybrid

Function(s):

O Air heating
O Water heating
O Combi-system
O Cooling/ventilation/shading
O PV/T
OX linked to another system
(e.g., heat pump)
O Other:
.....



Building element:

O Facade
OX Roof
O Other:
tick all that apply

BISTS characteristics:

For example.....Collection area....m², Orientation/inclination, Energy output, Contribution to building load, Material/colour/texture, Pre-fabricated off-site? Structural load, Other

Stage of Development:	Responsible:
<input type="radio"/> Idea/Patent
<input type="radio"/> Prototype
<input type="radio"/> Demonstration
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Integral building element	Gasser Ceramic
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Commercially available	Gasser Ceramic
BISTS description and context	
<p><i>For example....Building size, form and function, project motivation, particular features, architectural attributes</i></p>	
System viability	
<p><i>For example....Economic viability (capital and running costs), maintenance, embodied energy, environmental impact and sustainability, wider social contexts</i></p>	
Modelling and simulation tools developed/used	
<p><i>For example....new modules/types created for established simulation programs, stand-alone modelling, use of generalised codes, model outcomes, validation and accuracy. Design tools developed</i></p>	

<p>BISTS Performance data</p> <p>Based on:</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Estimation</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Detailed simulation</p> <p><i>Specify software(s) used</i></p> <p><input type="radio"/> Measurement/testing</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Long-term monitoring</p> <p><i>tick all that apply</i></p> <p>Performance parameters</p> <p>For integrated systems: key performance indicators -</p> <p><i>Solar savings fraction: %</i></p> <p><i>Light transmittance: %</i></p> <p><i>Solar transmittance: %</i></p> <p><i>Total solar energy transmittance: %:</i></p> <p><i>Solar heat gain factor: %</i></p> <p><i>Building fabric U-values: W/m²K</i></p> <p><i>Noise, fire, etc ratings</i></p> <p><i>Other:</i></p> <p>For separate collectors: performance rating coefficients - (EN12975, a0,a1,a2), ASHRAE, etc</p> <p>Other:</p>	<p><i>Graphs for collector efficiency, seasonal energy gains, diurnal/seasonal solar fraction, etc.</i></p>
<p>Additional information:</p> <p>Several Examples on the manufacturers website</p>	
<p>Sources and references:</p> <p>http://panotron.com</p>	

INSTRUCTIONS

Please fill in as much information as possible.

Tick where appropriate.

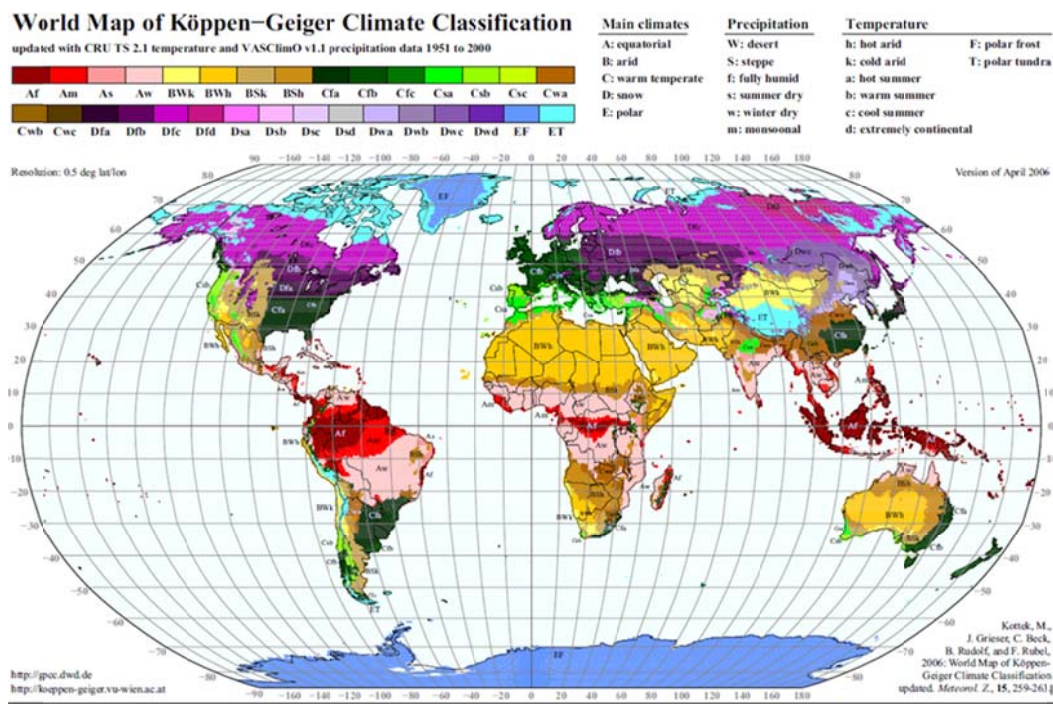
Text in red is suggested guidance. Insert information in provided space, removing red text as appropriate

If possible, use metric values.

If necessary, supply additional information on separate sheets

Reference listing

Köppen climate classification



(Kottik, M., J. Grieser, C. Beck, B. Rudolf, and F. Rubel, 2006: World Map of Köppen-Geiger Climate Classification updated. *Meteorol. Z.*, 15, 259-263.)

Reijenga classification

The integration of PV systems in architecture can be divided into five categories:

1. Applied invisibly
2. Added to the design
3. Adding to the architectural image
4. Determining architectural image
5. Leading to new architectural concepts.

(Reijenga, TH and Kaan, HF. (2011) PV in Architecture, in Handbook of Photovoltaic Science and Engineering, Second Edition (eds A. Luque and S. Hegedus), John Wiley & Sons Ltd, Chichester, UK)

Rush classification

The architectural/visual expression of building services systems are identified as:

Level 1. Not visible, no change

Level 2. Visible, no change

Level 3. Visible, surface change

Level 4. Visible, with size or shape change

Level 5. Visible, with location or orientation change

(Rush, RD. (1986) The Building systems integration handbook Wiley, New York, USA)

Collector test standards

BS EN 12975-2 2006 'Thermal solar systems and components solar collectors - Part 2 test methods'

ASHRAE Standard 93-2010 'Methods of Testing to Determine the Thermal Performance of Solar Collectors'

ASHRAE Standard 95-1987 'Methods of Testing to Determine the Thermal Performance of Solar Domestic Water Heating Systems'